



PolSCA
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Sustainable lifestyles and green economy
Post carbon cities in Europe

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** Personally speaking*



Call fiches and Funding schemes

- **FP7-SSH-2013-1: € 30 M**
CP-L: Collaborative Project (Large-scale) > 4 M€ & < 5 M€
- **FP7-SSH-2013-2: € 68 M**
CP-SM: Collaborative Project (Small-Medium-scale) < 2.5 M€
CSA: Coordination and Support Action < 1.5 M€

Deadline: 31 January 2013 at 17.00.00

- **FP7-ERA-NET-2013-RTD on the future of Welfare State (€ 6 M)**

See final Call text

Research in SSH: 7 Activities

- 1. Growth, employment and competitiveness in a knowledge society**
- 2. Combining economic, social and environmental objectives in a European perspective**
- 3. Major trends in society and their implications**
- 4. Europe in the world**
- 5. The citizen in the EU**
- 6. Socio-economic and scientific indicators**
- 7. Foresight**

Topic 2.1-1

Obstacles and prospects for sustainable lifestyles and green economy in Europe (CP-L)

To understand the role and impacts of changes in consumption behaviour to promote smart, sustainable and inclusive growth, and a resource efficient economy

Topic 2.1-1

- **Understand the complex relationships between natural resources, human needs, technology, economics, ecology focusing on consumers' values and behaviours;**
- **Assess the obstacles and opportunities associated with the transition to European sustainable lifestyles and green economy highlighting the nexus between consumer behaviours, wealth and welfare;**
- **Investigating new business models capable of efficiently managing natural resources, reducing current levels of consumption and at the same time improving health and quality of life in the EU;**
- **Measuring the prospects for sustainable lifestyles and green economy by addressing new ways of consuming, producing, living and moving.**

Topic 7.1-1. Post-carbon cities in Europe: A long-term outlook (CP-SM)

To address the specific issues of cities and their role in economic growth, in shaping policy, pooling knowledge, attractiveness to people and enterprises, social cohesion and cultural interactions.

Topic 7.1-1.

- **Draw-up qualitative scenarios on the future of EU cities (up to 2050 and beyond) and quantify the emerging trends and tensions in EU cities (demography, human behaviour, economic development, social cohesion);**
- **Explore innovative ways of achieving EU post-carbon cities, including a better management of urban economic, social and ecological flows that deals with water, waste and energy;**
- **Share EU urban best-practices with emerging and developing countries;**
- **Define an evidence-based 2050 Roadmap for EU post-carbon cities.**



European
Commission

Stock-taking

EUROPEAN COMMISSION
European Research Area

European Research
Socio-economic Sciences
and Humanities
List of projects 2007-2010

PROJECT SYNOPSIS

EUR 24470 EN

2007-2010

Evidence-based policies

EUROPEAN COMMISSION / European Research Area / Socio-economic sciences & humanities

Communicating research for evidence-based policymaking

A practical guide for researchers in socio-economic sciences and humanities



European Research Area

EUROPEAN POLICY BRIEF



European Firms' Reasons for Taking Part in Global Innovation Networks

An EU-funded research project involving 13 organisations, partly from emerging countries (Brazil, China, India and South-Africa)

Ongoing project September 2010

INTRODUCTION

There is today a wide understanding among scholars and experts that the globalisation trends of our economies and societies are also taking place in the fields of science, technology and innovation. Firms, universities, public research organisations, and individual researchers are more than ever operating globally. Admittedly, the world of science, technology and innovation has to some extent always been global.

This policy brief brings forward and discusses some recent statistical material on European firms' trends in outsourcing and off-shoring globally their R&D activities. It also presents succinctly some of the preliminary findings of the survey conducted by the INGENEUS research project.

During the past decades, large firms and especially multinational firms have been developing innovation networks with a true global reach. In these networks, innovation is created in different locations and shared among different partners in order to open, adapt, maintain or exploit new market opportunities.

Global innovation networks are typically created on the top of pre-existing global production networks. Upstream and downstream interactions in these production networks are now complemented with co-creation of knowledge-intensive innovation-related activities.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES RESEARCH



European
Commission

Forward-looking

European
forward-looking activities:

Building the future of 'Innovation Union' and ERA



STUDIES AND REPORTS